# ENGINEERING EVALUATION AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

Facility Name: G&M Oil

**Application Number:** APCD2025-APP-008806 – Gasoline

APCD2025-APP-008805 - E85

**Equipment Type:** [26A] Permit modification for an existing Gas Dispensing Facility

[26C] New permit application for an E85 Dispensing Station

Facility ID: APCD1981-SITE-00764

**Equipment Address:** 6949 Linda Vista Rd. San Diego CA 92111

**Site Phone:** 714-375-4700

**Application Contact:** Hortensia Navarro

**Company Affiliation:** G&M Oil

Contact Title: Env Compliance Manager

**Contact Phone:** 714-475-6331

Email: hnavarro@gmoc.com

Permit Engineer: Karen Chan

**Senior Engineer:** 

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Allison Weller Senior Engineer

#### 1.0 BACKGROUND

#### 1.1 Type of Applications –

G&M is applying for permits to modify an existing retail Gasoline Dispensing Facility with PTO number, APCD2008-PTO-007238, and to install a new E85 station at the Site location.

#### The proposed changes are the following:

Remove existing two (2) 10,000 gasoline USTs and one (1) 10,000 diesel UST. Replace them with the two (2) underground storage tanks with the following tanks:

- 1. One (1) 22,000 gallon split tank with 12,000 regular gasoline and 10,000 gallon premium gasoline.
- 2. One (1) 22,000 gallon split tank with 12,000 (E85) and 10,000 gallon Diesel.

Nozzle counts, Phase I and Phase II equipment:

The total number of gasoline nozzles will remain the same at 8 nozzles. New Phase I OPW and Phase II Balance equipment are proposed.

#### Throughputs:

The estimated annual throughput for gasoline is not reported and the facility did not propose a throughput increase. Based on BCMS record, the monthly throughput is estimated as 200,000 gallons and therefore, an annual estimate throughput is estimated as  $12 \times 200,000 = 2,400,000$  gallons.

For E85 station, the estimated total annual throughput is <u>1,200,000 gallons</u>, monthly throughput is 100,000 gallons.

Installation, operation, and maintenance conditions will be incorporated into the ATC and PTO to ensure compliance with all requirements, regulations and standards in the applicable CARB Executive Order, relevant Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual (IOMs) and District Rules and Regulations.

#### 1.2 Permit History –

		Opened	
Record ID	Status	Date	Description
APCD2025-APP-			Assist to Balance modification under
008806	Open	7/31/2025	current evaluation.
APCD2025-APP-			New E85 dispensing station under
008805	Open	7/31/2025	current evaluation.
APCD2020-APP-			Current E85 ATC expires on October
006423	Open	8/14/2020	22, 2025
APCD2020-APP-			Previously approved ATC for tank size
006276	Cancelled	4/30/2020	increase, ATC expired 8/6/2025

			On June 3, 2019, during an inspection,
			APCD staff found that flow restrictors
			were not present on fueling point
			numbers 2, 3 and 4. This is a violation
			of District Rule 10 because District
			permit, APCD2008-PTO-007238,
			indicates that the fueling points are to
			have flow restrictors. The District
			notes that a permit modification
			application was submitted to the
APCD2019-NOV-	Closed -		District to request the removal of flow
000455	Paid	6/3/2019	restrictors after the inspection.
APCD2019-APP-			
005875	Approved	6/11/2019	
APCD2017-NTR-			
00045	Closed	5/11/2017	
			AMD TO APP 987617 PHASE II
APCD2009-APP-			HEALY UPGRADE OF VST VR 201
987730	Approved	1/30/2009	A
APCD2008-PTO-			Current PTO with three USTs and
007238	Active	7/31/2009	eight (8) gasoline nozzles
			OWC TO PO 7238 OLD DBA
APCD2008-OWC-			EXXON 1033 OLD OWNER NEW
987571	A	12/5/2008	WEST OLD CUST NEWWE001

The site has an active E85 ATC, APCD2020-APP-006423 issued on October 22, 2020, for the E85 project. The ATC will expire on 10/22/2025. The construction is not expected to start before the ATC expiration date. According to District Rule 17, the ATC cannot be extended more than four times and after 5 years of initial issuance. Therefore, a new application for the E85 has been submitted and is under this current evaluation.

The ATC for modification of gasoline dispensing equipment for replacing existing gasoline underground storage tanks was previously approved and evaluated. It was expired and therefore this application is to reapply for the same modification of gasoline storage tanks replacement.

#### 1.3 Facility Description –

This facility is a retail gasoline and E85 dispensing station, which uploads, stores, and dispenses E85 and gasoline to mobile vehicles.

#### 1.4 Other Background Information –

There is no record on permit denial, or nuisance complaint associated with this facility, and this is not a Title V facility. The facility was issued one Notice of Violation in its site history in 2019 that was resolved without permit modification.

#### 2.0 PROCESS DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 Equipment Description –

Gasoline station:

#### **Current PTO Equipment Description:**

Gasoline Dispensing Facility: eight (8) nozzles with three (3) grades per nozzle;

Phase I VRS: two point OPW per ARB E.O. VR-102;

Phase II VRS: Healy vacuum assist per ARB EO VR-202;

ISD System: Compliant Veeder-Root Software per ARB E.O. VR-202

Tanks: two (2) 10,000 gallon, gasoline; USTs (vapor space manifold) & one (1) 10,000 gallon, diesel, UST

#### APCD2025-APP-008806 - Updated GDF ATC Equipment Description:

Gasoline Dispensing Facility (Retail) (BACT): Eight (8) nozzles, as listed in Exhibit 1 of the Phase II Executive Order (E.O.) specified below, with three (3) grades per nozzle; Phase II VRS: Balance per ARB E.O. VR-204;

ISD System: Compliant Veeder-Root Version;

Processor: Veeder-Root Vapor Polisher, model 332761-002, per Figure 2B-3, Exhibit 2 of ARB E.O. VR-204

Phase I VRS: OPW per ARB E.O. VR-102;

Tanks: One (1) 22,000 gallon gasoline tank, underground {vapor space manifolded underground}

#### APCD2025-APP-008805 - E85 ATC Equipment Description:

E85 Dispensing Facility (Retail):

Four (4) nozzles, as listed in Exhibit 1 of the Phase II Executive Order (E.O.) specified below, with one (1) grade (E85) per nozzle;

Phase I VRS: OPW per ARB EO VR-102;

Phase II VRS: Exempt per Rule 61.4.1 (b)(6);

Tanks: One (1) 12,000 gallon E85, underground;

E85 Throughput Limit: 1,200,000 gallons per year (consecutive twelve (12) month period) and 100,000 gallons per month.

#### 2.2 Process –

This is a retail gasoline dispensing facility installing new E85 and modifying existing gasoline dispensing equipment, underground storage tanks and the associated equipment to receive, store, and dispense E85 and gasoline.

#### 2.3 Emissions Controls –

The E85 station will be equipped with Phase I control and exempt from Phase II control. The retail gasoline dispensing facility will be equipped with CARB certified Two Point OPW Phase I and Balance Phase II vapor recovery systems.

#### 2.4 Attachments –

Refer to applicable Executive Order and/or Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual for supporting information.

#### 3.0 EMISSIONS

#### 3.1 Emission Estimate Summary –

The annual VOC emission and average hourly VOC emissions after the modification of gasoline dispensing equipment are not expected to increase. However, the maximum hourly emission is expected to increase slightly due to the increase of the storage size as shown in Table 1.

*Table 1: Emissions increase estimated for Gasoline dispensing operations.* 

	Post-	Pre-	Emission	Units
	Project	Project	increase	
Annual VOC Emissions	772.80	1228.80	-456.00	Lbs TOG/year
Annual VOC Emissions (in				Tons TOG/year
tons)	0.39	0.61	-0.23	
Daily VOC Emissions	2.12	3.37	-1.25	Lbs TOG/day
Average Hourly Emissions				Lbs TOG/hour
	0.09	0.14	-0.05	(Avg)
Maximum Hourly				Lbs TOG/hour
Emissions	3.35	3.10	0.25	loading (Max)

According to the previously approved ATC, the 0.30 lb TOG/ hour loading due to the tank size increase has already been evaluated and there is no request for loading emission increase to beyond the 0.30 lbs. Furthermore, there is a decrease in emissions of overall annual and monthly emissions because the spillage emission factor for certified equipment has been updated from 0.24 to 0.05 per CP-201.

Emission increase estimated for <u>fuel dispensing operations as shown in Table 2.</u>

*Table 2: Emissions increase estimated for fuel dispensing operations.* 

	Post- Project emissions increase from GDF	E85 Emissions (1.2 Million gallons /yr)	Facility wide emission increases	Units
Annual VOC Emissions	0.00	2338.80	2338.80	Lbs TOG/year
Annual VOC Emissions				Tons TOG/year
(in tons)	0.00	1.17	1.17	
Daily VOC Emissions	0.00	6.41	6.41	Lbs TOG/day
Average Hourly				Lbs TOG/hour
Emissions	0.00	0.27	0.27	(Avg)
Maximum Hourly				Lbs TOG/hour
Emissions	0.25	2.05	2.29	loading (Max)

Note: MAX Hourly Emissions are based on the assumption that the worst case scenario for one (1) hour is dispensing gas while the tank is being loaded with gas from a delivery (to full max tank capacity). However, the actual max hourly emissions are expected to be lower. Facilities are not allowed to fill tanks past 90% and most full deliveries are not filling an empty tank (fuel deliveries are typically ordered in advance before tanks run "dry"). Average volume of bulk tank delivery also varies.

Average Hourly Emissions are based on the projected annual gasoline throughput (gallons per year) over a time period of 365 days per year and 24 hours per day.

#### 3.2 Emission Estimate Assumptions –

#### Calculation Procedure:

The SDCAPCD Emission Calculation Procedures were used to calculate the annual VOC emissions (located at <u>APCD-G11-Underground-Storage-w-Phase-I-and-II-EVR (sdapcd.org)</u>).

#### **Equations:**

$$E_a = U_a \times EF_t \times C_i$$
  

$$E_h = T \times EF_l \times C_i$$

Variables:

 $E_q$  Annual emissions of gasoline vapor (lbs/year)

 $E_h$  Maximum hourly emissions of gasoline vapor (lbs/hour)

 $U_a$  Annual gasoline throughput (gallons/year)

T Maximum one-hour bulk gasoline delivery

 $EF_t$  Emission factor (combined) for throughput (lbs/gallon)

*EF*<sub>l</sub> Emission factor for underground tank loading (lbs/gallon)

 $C_i$  Concentration of each listed substance in the gasoline vapor (lbs/lb)

#### **Emission Factors:**

The above SDAPCD methodology requires the input of emission factors from CARB's Revised Emission Factors for Gasoline Marketing Operations at California Gasoline Dispensing Facilities dated December 23, 2013 were used (https://ww3.arb.ca.gov/vapor/gdf-emisfactor/gdfumbrella.pdf), which are shown in

(<u>https://ww3.arb.ca.gov/vapor/gdf-emistactor/gdfumbrella.pdf</u>), which are shown in Table 3 and Table 4:

Table 3: E85 Emission Factors

<b>Sub-Category</b>	Revised (lbs/1000 gal)	EF Source
	EVR	
Phase II Fueling (with ORVR	0.42	CARB 2013 Updated
Vehicles UEF)		Emission Factors Table I-I
Phase I Bulk Transfer Losses	0.15	CARB 2013 Updated
		Emission Factors Table I-I
*Pressure Driven Losses	0.76	CARB 2013 Updated
(Breathing Loss) UEF		Emission Factors Table I-I

Gasoline Dispensing Hose	0.009	CARB 2013 Updated
Permeation (Year 2017)		Emission Factors Table I-I
Phase II Fueling – Spillage	0.61	CARB 2013 Updated
UEF		Emission Factors Table I-I
Total (lbs/1000 gal)	1.949	

<sup>\*</sup>UEF: Uncontrolled Emission Factor

Table 4: Gasoline Emission Factors

Sub-Category	Revised (lbs/1000	Source
	gal)	
	EVR	
Phase I Bulk Transfer Loss	0.15	EF Source
Pressure Driven Loss	0.024	CARB 2013 Updated
(Breathing Loss)		Emission Factors Table I-I
*Phase II fueling	0.089	CARB 2013 Updated
		Emission Factors Table I-I
Hose Permeation, low perm	0.009	Gasoline Service Station
hose (2017)		IW Risk Assessment -
		<u>February 18, 2022</u>
Spillage	0.05	CP-201 - Amended: July
		<u>12, 2023</u>
		* EF value of 0.24 was
		used for pre-project
		calculation as per
		CARB2013 Updated
		Emission Factors
Total (lbs/1000 gal)	0.322	

<sup>\*</sup>The Phase II Fueling emission factor for Non-ORVR and ORVR vehicles was calculated based on the "Gasoline Service Station Industrywide Risk Assessment Technical Guidance (Dated: 2/18/2022)." The document suggested the percentage of gasoline dispensed to ORVR vehicles verses non-ORVR vehicle in 2018 was 83 percent ORVR vehicles and 17 percent non-ORVR vehicles. The weighted average calculation is as follows:

 $(Percent\ Non - ORVR\ imes\ Non - ORVR\ EVR\ Emission\ Factor) + (Percent\ ORVR\ imes\ ORVR\ EVR\ Emission\ Factor) = Phase\ II\ Fueling\ Emission\ Factor$ 

$$\left( (1 - 0.83) \times 0.42 \frac{lbs}{1000 \ gallons} \right) + \left( 0.83 \times 0.021 \frac{lbs}{1000 \ gallons} \right) \\
= 0.089 \frac{lbs}{1000 \ gallon}$$

#### 3.3 Emission Calculations –

Table 5: Emissions Increase from the new E85 and Gasoline Dispensing Facility

Variable	E85	Gasoline	Facility wide	Units	Description
$U_{A}$				gallons/year	Annual E85 and
	1,200,000	2,400,000	3,600,000		Gasoline Throughput
$\mathrm{EF_{T}}$				lbs/1000	Total Emission Factor
	1.949	0.322	NA	gallons	
$C_{i}$				lbs/lb	Concentration of VOCs
	1	1	NA		in gasoline vapor
$E_{A}$				lbs/year	Annual VOC Emissions:
	2338.80	0	2338.80		$U_A * EF_T * C_i$
$E_{A}$				tons/year	Annual VOC Emission:
	1.17	0	1.17		E <sub>A</sub> * (1 ton/2000 lbs)
$E_{D}$				lbs/day	Daily VOC Emissions:
	6.41	0	6.41		$E_A*(1 \text{ year/365 days})$
E <sub>Haverage</sub>				lbs/hour	Average Hourly VOC
					Emissions: E <sub>D</sub> *(1 day/24
	0.27	0	0.27		hours)
$E_{Hmax}$				lbs/hour	MAX Hourly VOC
					Emissions:
					(Tank capacity* EF
					Phase I transfer loss) +
					((EA – Average Phase I
					EVR/Loading
					Emissions) /
	2.05	0.25	2.29		(day/yr*hr/yr))

#### 3.4 Attachments –

APCD2025-APP-008805, 008806 VR Emission Calculations

#### 4.0 APPLICABLE RULES

4.1 Prohibitory Rules

#### Rule 50 – Visible Emissions

Requirement	Explanation:	Condition
Visible emissions cannot exceed 20%	Facility is expected to comply based	n/a
opacity for more than 3 minutes in	on similar operations.	
any consecutive 60-minute period.		

# Rule 61.3 - Transfer of Volatile Organic Compounds into Stationary Storage Tanks

Requirement	Explanation:	Condition
Rule 61.3 outlines the standards and	Complies – the equipment related to	n/a
requirements for the transfer of	gasoline and E85 is subject to and	
VOCs into stationary storage tanks.		

	complies with Rule 61.3.1, which is more stringent than Rule 61.3.	

# Rule 61.3.1 – Transfer of Gasoline into Stationary Underground Storage Tanks

(d) Equipn	nent and Operation Requirements		
Section	Requirement	Explanation:	Condition
(d)(1)	Non-certified Phase I vapor recovery systems are prohibited from being sold, supplied and installed. Components installed shall be a Phase I vapor recovery system certified by CARB with the identification depicting manufacturer name, model number, and serial number unless exempt by CARB	Compliance is expected. A CARB certified Phase I EVR system per the VR- 102 series is proposed for E85 and the gasoline dispensing equipment.	ATC conditions E85: 2, 4 Gas: 8
(d)(2)	Post 9/1/2006, all contractors and installers must successfully complete the corresponding manufacturers' training program for installing, modifying or repairing the Phase I vapor recovery system. Documentation of successful completion must be available upon District request.	Compliance is expected. The ATCs and PTO will incorporate conditions regarding the requirement for Phase I equipment certified contractors and installers.	ATC conditions: E85:7 Gas: 10
(d)(3)	Gas stations shall not be operated unless the following are met:		
(d)(3)(i)	Each underground storage tank (UST) is equipped with a CARB certified drop tube.	The facility is expected to comply. The E85 and gasoline tanks will be required to have submerged fill pipes installed that meet the necessary distance requirements (within 6 inches from highest cut to the bottom of the tank). Verification will be conducted during the inspections and drop tube photos will be required.	ATC conditions: E85: 16 Gas: 20
(d)(3)(ii)	Minimum gasoline vapor control efficiency: 98.0% by volume Mass emission factor: Not exceeding 0.15 lbs gasoline vapor	Expected to comply, a CARB certified Phase I EVR system is proposed for the E85 and gasoline tanks.	ATC conditions: E85: 4 Gas: 8

	per 1,000 gallons of gasoline		
	dispensed.		
(d)(3)(iii)	Phase I vapor recovery system is maintained and operated	The facility is expected to comply. The ATCs and	ATC conditions:
	accordingly to the CARB	PTOs will incorporate a	conditions.
	Executive Order (E.O.) and	condition regarding	E85: 17
	manufacturer Installation,	handling repairs and defects	Gas: 16
	Operation and Maintenance	in equipment.	
	(IOM) manual. Also free of		
	defects per Title 17.		
(d)(3)(iv)	When required by the applicable	Expected to comply, a	ATC
	CARB Executive Order, the	CARB certified Phase I	conditions:
	Phase I vapor recovery system is	EVR system is proposed for	
	equipped with:	the E85 and gasoline tanks.	E85: 4
(d)(3)(iv)(A)	CARB certified gasoline vapor	The ATC and PTO will	Gas: 17, 20,
	and liquid anti-rotational	incorporate a condition	36
	couplers or rotatable adaptors.	requiring all components	
	Static rotation shall not exceed	listed in the applicable	
44.45.4	108 pound-inch (9 pound-foot).	CARB Executive Order be	
(d)(3)(iv)(B)	CARB certified poppeted dry	installed	
	breaks or other CARB certified		
	poppeted fittings on the vapor		
	return coupler that are vapor		
(1)(2)(:)((0)	tight when closed;		
(d)(3)(iv)(C)	CARB certified pressure/vacuum		
	(P/V) valve(s) on the stationary		
	underground storage tank vent pipe(s). The tank vent pipes shall		
	be manifolded when required by		
	the most recent applicable CARB		
	Executive Order;		
(d)(3)(iv)(D)	CARB certified spill boxes each		
(6)(6)(1)(2)	having an integral drain valve or		
	other devices that are certified by		
	CARB to return spilled gasoline		
	to the stationary underground		
	storage tank. Each spill box shall		
	be maintained free of standing		
	gasoline and free of any debris		
	that may interfere with the		
	seating of the drain valve. Spill		
	boxes used exclusively for Phase		
	I vapor connections shall not		
	have drain valves.		:
(d)(3)(v)	All components shall be	The facility is expected to	ATC
	maintained free of liquid leaks	comply. A CARB certified	conditions:
	and vapor tight unless otherwise	Phase I EVR system is	E85:
	specified by CARB.	proposed for the E85 and	8, 10

(d)(3)(vi)	The gasoline liquid delivery hose shall only be connected or disconnected when the vapor return hose is connected during gasoline delivery.	gasoline equipment which have specified allowable leak rates for certain components. Startup inspection and annual compliance test will be required to ensure compliance.  The facility is expected to comply with subsections (d)(3)(vi) and (d)(3)(vii). The ATCs and PTOs will incorporate a condition	ATC conditions: E85: 11
(d)(3)(vii)	There shall be no liquid leaks of the gasoline delivery hose and vapor return hose during a delivery and disconnection.	regarding the proper transfer connections and order during fuel bulk delivery to prevent leakage during delivery and disconnection.	Gas: 32
	on and Maintenance Program		
(e)(1)(i) (e)(1)(ii) (e)(1)(iii)	Periodic inspections shall be conducted per Table 1 of Rule 61.3.1 and include all components but not limited to:  All stationary UST fill caps and gaskets, to verify the components are in place and in good condition.  All stationary UST poppeted dry breaks, gasoline vapor and liquid adaptors, to verify they are operable and sealing properly.  All stationary UST spill boxes, to verify there is no standing gasoline or debris in the spill boxes and that drain valves are	The facility is expected to comply. The ATCs and PTOs will incorporate a condition regarding the inspection requirements.	ATC conditions:  E85 11, 14 Gas: 17, 31
	seating properly		
(e)(2)	Annual inspection to ensure compliance with all applicable District rules, regulations and permit conditions.	The facility is expected to comply. The ATCs and PTOs will incorporate a condition regarding the	ATC conditions:
(e)(2)(i)	The District permit is current and posted.	annual compliance inspection requirements and	16 Gas:
(e)(2)(ii)	The facility complies with all permit conditions.	schedule.	16, 22
(e)(2)(iii)	The Phase I vapor recovery system is properly installed and complies with the most recent applicable CARB certification		

	1 1 CARRE C		<u> </u>
	procedures and CARB Executive Orders.		
(e)(2)(iv)	All stationary USTs have gasoline		
	submerged drop-tubes installed		
	and not damaged. A re-inspection		
	shall be conducted each time		
	specific components are removed		
	or replaced.		
(e)(2)(v)	The vent pipes are equipped with		
	the required pressure/vacuum		
	valves and each such valve is		
	properly installed. A re-		
	inspection shall be conducted		
	each time specific components		
	are removed or replaced.		
(e)(3)	Maintenance Procedures	The facility is expected to	ATC
(e)(3)(i)	Any component not in working	comply with subsections	conditions:
	order or good condition shall be	(e)(3) and (e)(4). The ATCs	
	repaired, replaced or adjust	and PTOs will incorporate a	E85
	within 7 calendar days to bring	condition regarding	17
	the facility into compliance. An	maintenance issues and	Gas: 16
	additional 7 day extension may	requirements.	
	be requested.	_	
(e)(3)(ii)	Components having a Title 17		
	defect shall not be used.		
(e)(4)	Any additional alternative		
	maintenance procedures by		
	CARB E.O.s or IOMs.		
(f) Source To	esting		
(f)(1)	Initial compliance test shall be	The facility is expected to	ATC
	conducted within 60 calendar	comply. The ATCs will	conditions:
	dates for new installations or	require an initial startup	E85: 33
	modifications.	inspection with applicable	Gas: 64,65,
		testing per the CARB	66
		Executive Orders.	
(f)(2)	Annual compliance source test	The facility is expected to	ATC
	required. Additional tests may be	comply. The ATCs and	conditions:
	required.	PTOs will incorporate a	
		condition regarding the	E85:33
		compliance test schedule.	Gas: 66
(f)(3)	Contractors/technicians	Compliance with	ATC
	conducting tests are required to	subsections $(f)(3)$ , $(f)(4)$ and	conditions:
	complete the SCAQMD	(f)(5) is expected. The	
	orientation class, alternative	ATCs and PTOs will	E85: 5, 7
	District approved	incorporate conditions	Gas: 21
	classes/training,	regarding certification	
	training/certificates by CARB or	requirements and testing	
	the systems manufacturer.	time frames as required.	

(f)(3)(i)	A copy of a current certificate		ATC
0)(3)(1)	from the South Coast Air Quality		conditions:
	Management District, CARB,		conditions.
	system manufacturer and/or from		E85: 5, 7
	other approved training.		Gas:21
(f)(3)(ii)	Records of equipment	-	ATC
())(3)(11)	calibrations performed as		conditions:
	required by the applicable test		conditions.
	procedures.		E85: 5, 7
	procedures.		Gas: 21
(f) (1)	Tests shall be conducted per the	-	ATC
(f)(4)	ATC, PTO, and applicable CARB		conditions:
	EO and Certification Procedures.		conditions.
	EO and Certification I roceaures.		E85: 5, 7
			Gas: 21
(4)(5)	Tost and/on no tost nonouts shall		ATC
(f)(5)	Test and/or re-test reports shall be submitted to the owner or		conditions:
	operator within 15 calendar days.		conditions:
	operator within 13 catenaar days.		E85: 33
			Gas: 63
(g) Recordle	zooning		Gas. 03
	Records of inspections performed	The facility is expected to	ATC
(g)(1)	as required by Section (e) of this	comply. The ATCs and	conditions:
	rule.	PTOs will incorporate a	conditions.
(~)(2)			E85:
(g)(2)	Records of all malfunctioning	condition regarding the requirements for	6, 7,15, 29,
	components, including the date(s)	recordkeeping as outlined.	30, 33-36
	such components were identified and repaired or replaced, and	recordiceping as outlined.	30, 33-30
	any other records and		Gas:
	information required by the most		22,50,64
	recent applicable CARB		22,30,04
	Executive Orders.		
$(\alpha)(3)$	Records of initial and periodic	-	
(g)(3)	compliance source tests, which		
	include at a minimum:		
(g)(3)(i)	Date and time of each test;	1	
	Name, affiliation, address, and	1	
(g)(3)(ii)	phone number of the person(s)		
	who performed the test;		
(a)(3)(iii)	For a retest following a failed	-	
(g)(3)(iii)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	initial or periodic compliance		
	source test, description of repairs performed;		
$(\alpha)(2)(i\alpha)$	Copies of all test reports,	1	
(g)(3)(iv)	1 0 1		
	including test equipment		
	calibration date(s), test results		
	and failed test data, in District-		
	approved format and, for a test		

	that fails, a description of the reasons for the test failure.	
(g)(4)	Monthly gasoline throughput records.	ATC conditions:
		E85:15 Gas: 11

# Rule 61.4 - Transfer of Volatile Organic Compounds into Vehicle Fuel Tanks

Requirement	Explanation:	Condition
Rule 61.4 outlines the standards and	Complies – the equipment related to	n/a
requirements for the transfer of	gasoline is subject to and complies	
VOCs into stationary storage tanks.	with Rule 61.4.1, which is more	
	stringent than Rule 61.4.	

# <u>Rule 61.4.1 – Transfer of Gasoline from stationary underground storage tanks into vehicle fuel tanks</u>

(a) Applical	(a) Applicability			
Section	Requirement	Explanation:		
(a)(1)	Except as otherwise provided in Section (b), this rule is applicable at any gasoline dispensing facility where gasoline is dispensed into motor vehicle fuel tanks from any stationary underground storage tank with a capacity of 250 gallons (946 liters) or more	The facility's retail gasoline station is subject to this rule. The capacity of the underground storage tanks is more than 250 gallons of gasoline.		

(b) Exemp	(b) Exemptions			
Section	Requirement	<b>Explanation:</b>	Conditions(s)	
(b)(6)	Transfer of E85 from any stationary underground storage tank into a Flexible Fuel Vehicle tank at any retail of non-retail gasoline dispensing facility.	The E85 equipment is exempt from the requirements of Rule 61.4.1, thus a Phase II system is not required for the E85 station.  The gasoline equipment will be required to install the corresponding Phase II EVR	n/a	
		equipment.		

(d) Equipment and Operation Requirements				
Section	Requirement	Explanation:	Condition(s)	
(d)(1)	Non-certified Phase II vapor	The E85 equipment is exempt	ATC	
	recovery systems are prohibited	from the requirements.	conditions:	
	from being sold, supplied and		E85: n/a	

(d)(2)	installed. Components installed shall be a Phase I vapor recovery system certified by CARB with the identification depicting manufacturer name, model number, and serial number unless exempt by CARB. Post 9/1/2006, all contractors installing, modifying, and repairing Phase II vapor recovery systems must have	The GDF is expected to comply. A CARB certified Phase II EVR system is proposed.  The E85 equipment is exempt from the requirements. Gas: Compliance is expected. The ATC and PTO	ATC conditions: E85: n/a
	successfully completed the applicable manufacturer's training program.  Documentation of successful complete shall be made available if requested.	will incorporate conditions regarding the requirement for Phase II equipment certified contractors and installers.	Gas: 10
(d)(3)	Gas stations shall not be operated unless the following are met:	The E85 equipment is exempt from the requirements.	ATC conditions: E85: n/a
(d)(3)(i)	A CARB certified Phase II vapor recovery system is installed and compatible with the CARB certified Phase I system at the gas station.	Gas: The facility is expected to comply. Phase I EVR System per Executive Order VR-102 series and Phase II EVR System per Executive	Gas: 6, 8, 9
(d)(3)(ii)	By the applicable dates	Order VR-204 series are	
(d)(3)(ii)(A)	Summer fuel: a gasoline vapor control efficiency of at least 95% by weight and a mass emission factor not exceeding 0.38 pounds of gasoline vapors per 1,000 gallons of gasoline dispensed.	proposed.	
(d)(3)(ii)(B)	Winter fuel: a gasoline vapor control efficiency of at least 95% by weight and a mass emission factor not exceeding 0.38 pounds of gasoline vapors per 1,000 gallons of gasoline dispensed.		
(d)(3)(iii)	The Phase II vapor recovery system is installed, maintained and operated per the applicable CARB certifications, CARB E.O. and manufacturer I.O.M.		
(d)(3)(iv)	The Phase II vapor recovery system is free of Title 17 defects.		ATC conditions: E85: n/a Gas: 16

(d)(3)(v)	All applicable Phase II vapor recovery system and components shall be free of leaks and are vapor tight unless an otherwise specified by CARB.		ATC conditions: E85: n/a Gas: 18
(d)(3)(vi)	All liquid removal devices installed shall have a minimum liquid removal rate of 5 mL per gallon of gasoline dispensed unless otherwise specified by CARB.		ATC conditions: Gas: 46
(d)(3)(vii)	The gas station has posted:		ATC
(d)(3)(vii)(A)	Nozzle operating instructions and a toll-free number to report problems.		conditions:
(d)(3)(vii)(B)	A warning sign that topping off is prohibited and may cause spillage.		
(d)(3)(viii)	The Phase II vapor recovery system is CARB certified and compatible with ORVR.		ATC conditions: n/a
(d)(3)(ix)	Facilities that dispense > 600,000 gallons of gasoline must be equipped with a CARB certified ISD system.	The E85 equipment is exempt from the requirements.  Gas: Complies, Phase II EVR per CARB Executive Order VR-204 series with compatible Veeder-Root ISD Software are proposed by the facility.	ATC conditions: E85: n/a Gas: 47
(d)(3)(x)	New or replacement dispensers must be unihose. Existing dispensers can be replaced with the same type of dispensers due to damage, accidents, or vandalism.	The facility is expected to comply. Verification will occur during the startup inspection.	n/a
(e) Inspection	and Maintenance Program		
(e)(1)	Periodic inspections shall be conducted per Table 1 of Rule 61.4.1 and include all components but not limited to:	The E85 equipment is exempt from the requirements. Gas: The facility is expected to comply. The ATC and	ATC conditions: E85: n/a Gas: 14,16,
(e)(1)(i)	Vapor guards (if required) are intact.	PTO will incorporate a condition regarding the	18
(e)(1)(ii)	Breakaway couplings have not separated.	annual compliance inspection requirements and schedule.	
(e)(1)(iii)	Nozzle boots are free of holes, slits and rips that are Title 17 defects.	The weekly draining requirement will be phased	

(e)(1)(iv)	Vapor recovery hoses, swivels,	out, Rule 61.4.1 is pending a	
	nozzles, hold-open latches and	Rule update.	
	faceplates are in good working	Ruie apaate.	
	conditions. Gas station		
	components outside each		
	1 4		
	dispenser are also free of liquid		
( ) (2)	leaks and Title 17 defects.		ATC
(e)(2)	Balance system: Weekly draining		ATC
	of any retained gasoline from the		conditions:
	coaxial hoses. Volume of		n/a
	gasoline removed shall be		
( ) (2)	recorded.		A TO
(e)(3)	Dispensing flow rate shall be		ATC
	verified monthly per the CARB		conditions:
	E.O. or Title 17 CCR		Gas: 46
( ) ( )	requirements.		
(e)(4)	An annual inspection shall verify		ATC
	and ensure compliance with		conditions:
	applicable rules, regulations and		
	permit conditions.		E85: n/a
(e)(4)(i)	District permit and the signs		Gas: 65-67
	required under subsection		
	(d)(3)(vii) of this rule are current		
	and posted.		
(e)(4)(ii)	Gas station complies with all		
	permit conditions.		
(e)(4)(iii)	The Phase II vapor recovery		
	system is properly installed and		
	complies the applicable CARB		
	certification procedures and		
	CARB E.O.		
(e)(4)(iv)	All connections and fittings		
	inside dispensers are free of		
	liquid leaks.		
(e)(4)(v)	Dispenser hoses are compliant		
	with the required lengths and		
	installation arrangements per		
	the applicable CARB E.O.		
(e)(5)	Maintenance Procedures		
(e)(5)(i)	Any component not in working	The E85 equipment is exempt	ATC
	order or good condition shall be	from the requirements.	conditions:
	repaired, replaced or adjust	The facility is expected to	
	within 7 calendar days to bring	comply. The ATC and PTO	E85: n/a
	the facility into compliance. An	will incorporate a condition	Gas: 10, 16
	additional 7 day extension may	regarding maintenance issues	
	be requested.	and requirements.	
(e)(5)(ii)	Components having a Title 17	_	
	defect shall not be used.		
	_ · V	1	1

(e)(6)	Any additional alternative maintenance procedures by CARB E.O.s or IOMs.		
(f) Source T	esting		
(f)(1)	Initial compliance test shall be conducted within 60 calendar dates for new installations or modifications.	The E85 equipment is exempt from the requirements. Gas: The facility is expected to comply. The applicable	E85: n/a Gas: 64
(f)(2)	Annual compliance source test required. Additional tests may be required.	tests referred to in  Attachment L shall be successfully conducted within 60 days after the startup of the equipment	ATC conditions: E85: n/a Gas: 64
(f)(3)	Contractors/technicians conducting tests are required to complete the SCAQMD orientation class, alternative District approved classes/training, training/certificates by CARB or the systems manufacturer.	authorized herein.	ATC conditions: E85:n/a Gas: 10
(f)(3)(i)	A copy of a current certificate from the South Coast Air Quality Management District, CARB, system manufacturer and/or from other approved training.		ATC conditions: E85: Gas: 10
(f)(3)(ii)	Records of equipment calibrations performed as required by the applicable test procedures.		ATC conditions:  E85: n/a Gas: 6
(f)(4)	Tests shall be conducted per the ATC, PTO, and applicable CARB EO and Certification Procedures.		ATC conditions: E85: 7 Gas: 6
(f)(5)	Test and/or re-test reports shall be submitted to the owner or operator within 15 calendar days.		ATC conditions: E85: n/a Gas 65
(g) Recordk	<b>keeping</b>		
(g)(1)	Records of inspections performed as required by Section (e) of this rule.	The E85 equipment is exempt from the requirements. Gas: The facility is expected	ATC conditions: E85: 6,
(g)(2)	Records of all malfunctioning components, including the date(s) such components were identified and repaired or replaced, and any other records and information required by the	to comply. The ATC and PTO will incorporate a condition regarding the requirements for recordkeeping as outlined.	Gas: 22,50,64

	1: 11 CIPP
	most recent applicable CARB
	Executive Orders.
(g)(3)	Records of initial and periodic
	compliance source tests, which
	include at a minimum:
(g)(3)(i)	Date and time of each test;
(g)(3)(ii)	Name, affiliation, address, and
	phone number of the person(s)
	who performed the test;
(g)(3)(iii)	For a retest following a failed
	initial or periodic compliance
	source test, description of
	repairs performed;
(g)(3)(iv)	Copies of all test reports,
	including test equipment
	calibration date(s), test results
	and failed test data, in District-
	approved format and, for a test
	that fails, a description of the
	reasons for the test failure.
(g)(4)	Monthly gasoline throughput
	records.

# Rule 61.5 – Visible Emissions Standards for Vapor Control Systems

Requirement	Explanation:	Condition
Rule 61.5 states:	The facility is expected to comply	n/a
No person shall discharge, or allow	based on the facility's ongoing and	
to be discharged, into the atmosphere	similar operations.	
from any vapor control system used		
to meet the requirements of Rules		
61.1, 61.2, 61.3, 61.4 or 61.7, air		
contaminants in such a manner that		
the opacity of the emission is:		
(1) Greater than 10% for a period or		
periods aggregating more than one		
(1) minute in any 60 consecutive		
minutes; or		
(2) Greater than 40% at any time.		

# Rule 61.6 - NSPS Requirements for Storage of Volatile Organic Compounds

Requirement	Explanation:	Condition
Any person owning or operating any	Not applicable, this source is not	n/a
source subject to the provisions of	subject to any NSPS.	
any federal New Source Performance		

Standard (NSPS), the enforcement of	
which has been delegated to the San	
Diego County Air Pollution Control	
District must, in addition to	
complying with Rules 61.1 through	
61.5 and 61.7 and 61.8, comply with	
Regulation X.	

## Rule 61.7 - Spillage and Leakage of Volatile Organic Compounds

Requirement	Explanation:	Condition
No person shall:	The facility is expected to comply	ATC
(i) Spill, allow the spillage or cause	based on similar operations.	conditions:
spillage of such compounds during	Conditions will be added to the permit	
the disconnection of fittings used for	to limit spillage and fugitive liquid	E85:14
transfer, except for spillage which	leaks. Compliance with Rule 61.7 will	Gas: 13, 14,
would normally occur with	be verified during inspections, and	17, 18, 20
equipment handled in a manner	performance tests will be required on	
designed to minimize spillage.	an annual basis in order to verify the	
(ii) Use or allow equipment to be	vapor recovery systems comply with	
used to transfer fuel unless the	Rule 61.7.	
equipment is free of defects and		
properly maintained in a manner		
designed to minimize spillage, and		
(iii) No person shall allow fugitive		
liquid leaks along the liquid transfer		
path, including any storage tank.		

#### Rule 61.8 - Certification Requirements for Vapor Control Equipment

Requirement	Explanation:	Condition
No person shall install, provide, sell	E85: Complies, Phase I vapor recovery	ATC
or sell for use within the County of	system certified per CARB Executive	conditions:
San Diego a gasoline vapor control	Order VR-102 series is proposed for	
system or system component subject	E85.	E85:2, 4
to the certification requirements of	Gas: Complies, Phase I vapor recovery	Gas: 6
Division 26, Part 4, Chapter 3,	system certified per CARB Executive	
Article 5, of the State of California	Order VR-102 series and Phase II	
Health and Safety Code unless it has	vapor recovery system certified per	
been certified by the California Air	CARB EO VR-204 are proposed for	
Resources Board.	gasoline dispensing equipment.	

<sup>4.2</sup> New Source Review

### Rule 20.1 New Source Review - General Provisions

This application is subject to District NSR rules. This site is considered a non-major stationary source, for each pollutant, as shown in Table 6, and is therefore subject to District Rule 20.2. Calculation of emissions and determination of applicable requirements is performed in accordance with District Rule(s) 20.1 through 20.3.

Table 6: Classification of Major/PSD Source and Modification New Source Review (NSR) Requirements

	NOx	VOC	PM-10	SOx
Major Source Threshold (ton/year)	25	25	100	100
Federal Major Source Threshold				
(ton/year)	25*	25*	100	100
Major Modification Threshold (ton/year)	25	25	15	50
Major?	No	No	No	No
<b>Contemporaneous Calculations</b>				
Performed?	No	No	No	No
Major New or Modification?	No	No	No	No
PSD Threshold (ton/year)	250	250	250	250
PSD Modification Threshold (ton/year)	40	40	15	40
PSD New or Modification?	No	No	No	No

<sup>\*</sup>based on EPA's ozone nonattainment designation for the San Diego Air Basin in 40 CEF81.305

District Rule 20.2 contains requirements for Best Available Control Technology (BACT), Air Quality Impact Assessment (AQIA), Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and public notification.

Table 7: New Source Review (NSR) Requirements

	New Source Review Discussion					
Rule/Requirement	Requirement	Applies?	Discussion	Condition(s)		
Applicability	Rule 20.2 applies to non-major sources.	Yes	This is not a major source, so rule 20.2 applies.	n/a		
Type of application	New installation for E85 station, existing for gasoline station		n/a	n/a		
Exemptions	No exemptions apply to this equipment		n/a	n/a		
1		(d)(1) - BA	CT	•		
BACT - NOx	Installation of BACT is required if emissions of NOx exceed 10 lb/day	No	The Potential to Emit for this pollutant from this equipment does not exceed this trigger level, so BACT is not required.	n/a		
BACT - VOC	Installation of BACT is required if emissions of VOC exceed 10 lb/day	Yes	The potential to emit VOC from the E85 and Gasoline operation is 6.41 lbs TOG/day. The	ATC cond: E85:2		

			1 1 4 14	
			value does not exceed the	
			10 lbs/day limit.	
			The facility proposed	
			installing a CARB	
			certified Phase I EVR	
			system with the new E85	
			equipment which is	
			considered BACT and T-	
			BACT for E-85.	
			The facility proposed to	
			install Phase I and Phase	
			II systems with the new	
			gasoline equipment,	
			which are considered	
			BACT and T-BACT for	
			GDF.	
BACT - PM-10	Installation of	No	The Potential to Emit for	n/a
DACI - I WI-IV	BACT is required	110	this pollutant from this	11/α
	_		_	
	if emissions of		equipment does not	
	PM-10 exceed 10		exceed this trigger level,	
	lb/day		so BACT is not required.	,
BACT - SOx	Installation of	No	The Potential to Emit for	n/a
	BACT is required		this pollutant from this	
	if emissions of		equipment does not	
	SOx exceed 10		exceed this trigger level,	
	lb/day		so BACT is not required.	
	20.2	2(d)(2) - A(d)	QIA	
AQIA - NOx	Required for	No	The increase in emission	n/a
	project emission		of this air contaminant	
	increases in excess		from this project does not	
	of 25 lb/hr, 250		exceed any of these	
	lb/day or 40 ton/yr		levels, and AQIA is not	
	of NOx calculated		required.	
			required.	
AOIA DM 10	as NO2	Ma	The increase in emission	12/0
AQIA - PM-10	Required for	No		n/a
	project emission		of this air contaminant	
	increases in excess		from this project does not	
	of 100 lb/day or 15		exceed any of these	
	ton/yr of PM-10		levels, so no AQIA is	
			required.	
AQIA - SOx	Required for	No	The increase in emission	n/a
	project emission		of this air contaminant	
	increases in excess		from this project does not	
	of 25 lb/hr, 250		exceed any of these	
	lb/day or 40 ton/yr		levels, so no AQIA is	
	of SO <sub>x</sub> calculated		required.	
	as $SO_2$			
	as SO <sub>2</sub>		<u>l</u>	

AQIA - CO	Required for project emission increases in excess of 100 lb/hr, 550 lb/day or 1000 ton/yr of CO	No	The increase in emission of this air contaminant from this project does not exceed any of these levels, so no AQIA is required.	n/a
20.2(d)(3) - PSD	Applicable to source that may have a significant impact on a class I area	n/a	This is not a PSD source, and emissions are not expected to impact a class I area	n/a
20.2(d)(4) - Public Notice	Requires 30 day public notice if an AQIA was required or if an increase in VOC emissions from the project exceed 250 lb/day or 40 ton/year	n/a	AQIA was not required and VOC emission increase from this project does not exceed these levels.	n/a

#### 4.3 Toxic New Source Review- Rule 1200

Rule 1200 applies to any new, relocated or modified emission unit which results in any increase in emissions of one or more toxic air contaminant(s), and for which an Authority to Construct or Permit to Operate is required. This rule requires health risks to be reviewed to ensure the risks are below 100 in one million for cancer (with T-BACT installed), and that the health hazard index is less than 10 from chronic non-cancer and acute toxic air contaminants.

Rule 1200 is applicable since toxic emissions will increase with this project. Both the health risk from E85 and the gas station are evaluated for the facility-wide health risk. The Phase I and Phase II systems for the gasoline station and the CARB certified Phase I and used with ORVR only for E85 are considered T-BACT and comply with the Rule 1200.

The main drivers of the risks are benzene and ethyl benzene. The emission factors for E85 and gasoline are different, E85 is typically only between 15-30% gasoline but can go up to 49%. Therefore, E85 with 49% gasoline is used for risk assessment. Results are based on a conservative assumption of operating 24 hours a day and 365 days per year.

The TAC emissions from the proposed application passed Rule 1200 risk screening thresholds:

Screening HRA Results		Threshold	Number of Sources: 1	
Resident Cancer Risk:	1.446	100.0	Pass	
Resident Chronic Risk:	0.006	10.0	Pass	
Worker Cancer Risk:	10.784	100.0	Pass	
Worker Chronic Risk:	0.127	10.0	Pass	
Acute Risk:	0.140	10.0	Pass	

Therefore, the GDF is exempt from the Standards in Rule 1200  $\S(d)$  as allowed by the subsection (b)(1)(v)(B).

#### 4.4 CEOA -

CEQA/NEPA requires Federal, state, and local agencies to analyze and disclose the potential environmental impacts of their decisions, and in the case of CEQA, to minimize significant adverse environmental effects to the extent feasible.

The project being permitted is exempt from the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) due to its designation as a ministerial action. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15268, ministerial projects are not subject to environmental review because they involve decisions that are guided by fixed standards or regulations, with no allowance for discretionary judgment. The scope of this project falls within routine procedures that are strictly governed by established regulation, thereby precluding any need for subjective evaluation or interpretation. Consequently, the project is exempt from CEQA review.

#### 4.5 Risk reduction –

This application is not subject to a risk reduction plan.

#### 4.6 AB3205 -

In 1989, the California state legislature passed a law, <u>AB3205</u> designed to protect school children from hazardous air contaminants. Prior to approving an application for a permit to construct or modify a source that emits air contaminants, SDAPCD must distribute or mail notices to parents or guardians of children enrolled in any school located within ½ mile of the source. Notices are also mailed to each address within 1,000 feet of the source at least 30 days prior to the final action on the application is to be taken. Interested individuals have 30 days after the notice is distributed to comment on the project. APCD will consider all comments before making its final decision.

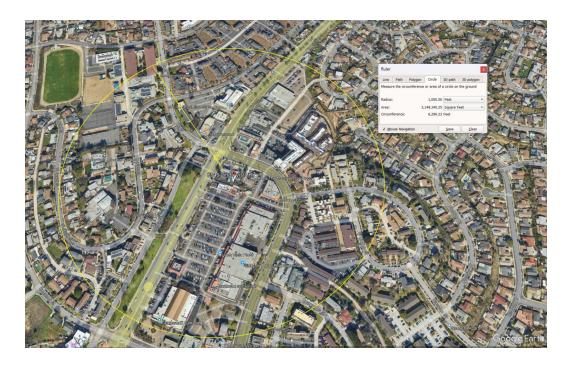
#### California Health & Safey Code § 42301.9 Definitions

For the purposes of Sections 42301.5 to 42301.8, inclusive:

- (a) "School" means any public or private school used for purposes of the education of more than 12 children in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, but does not include any private school in which education is primarily conducted in private homes.
- (b) "Air contaminant" means any contaminant defined pursuant to Section 39013.
- (c) "Administering agency" means an agency designated pursuant to Section 25502.
- (d) "Handle" means handle as defined in Article 1 (commencing with Section 25500) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code.

Ca. Health and Saf. Code § 42301.9

There is a middle school, Montgomery Middle School, within 1000 ft of the emission source. Therefore, AB3205 applies, and school notices will be sent out for public commenting on the projects.



#### 4.7 NESHAP, NSPS, ATCM-

#### **NESHAP:**

CFR Part 63, Subpart CCCCCC, NESHAP for Area Source Categories: Gasoline Dispensing Facilities

This NESHAP is applicable to all gasoline dispensing facilities.

Date of Promulgation: January 1, 2008

NESHAP CCCCCC outlines management practices to minimize emissions/spillage, equipment specifications and notification requirements.

Gasoline station will be equipped with CARB certified Phase I and Phase II EVR system. Therefore, the E85/ Gasoline dispensing facility is expected to comply with the NESHAP requirements.

NSPS: None

#### ATCM:

Subchapter 7.5, Section 93101 Benzene Airborne Toxic Control Measure – Retail Service Stations

Complies, ARB certified Phase I VRS and a Phase II VRS are installed for the new gasoline related equipment.

E85 will be equipped with a CARB certified Phase I EVR system, E85 is not currently subject to Phase II vapor requirements if 95% of vehicle fleet is equipped with ORVR per CARB and EPA (please see CARB Executive Order G-70-212 for specific language). Flex fuel vehicles (FFVs) are the only type of vehicles compatible with E85 fuel and these vehicles are expected to equip with ORVR.

- $\begin{array}{cc} 4.6 & Attachments \\ & N/A \end{array}$
- 4.7 Title V The facility is not a Title V facility.

#### 5.0 RECOMMENDATION & CONDITIONS

It is expected that the Gasoline dispensing facility shall comply with all the applicable requirements, and it is recommended that Authority to Constructs be issued with standard conditions for the gasoline and E85bequipment.

#### 6.0 RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS

APCD2025-APP-008805-E85

The recommended condition set is APCD2019-CON-001537 for E85 station.

	Condition	Descriptions
ATC	NEW003	Prior to any deviation of the information submitted on the application
Cond		forms for this Authority to Construct, the applicant shall submit the proposed changes in writing and request and wait for a written approval
		from the District. (Rule 21) (con 37)
APCD2014-CON-		Vapor Recovery-Prebackfill ATC Conditions 700s
000793		(con 27-30)

APCD2025-APP-008806 - Gasoline

The recommended ATC conditions for GDF are listed:

<b>Condition sets</b>	Descriptions
APCD2014-CON-000795	Vapor Recovery-General ATC Conditions 100s (con 4-15)
APCD2014-CON-000796	Vapor Recovery-Maintenance ATC Conditions 200s
	(con 16-22)
APCD2014-CON-000797	Vapor Recovery-Piping ATC Conditions 300s (con 23-29)
APCD2014-CON-000794	Vapor Recovery-Phase I ATC Conditions 400s (con 30-36)
APCD2014-CON-000801	Vapor Recovery-VST Canister ATC Conditions 500/800s
	(conditions 37-47)
APCD2014-CON-000798	Vapor Recovery-ISD ATC Conditions 600s (con 48-60)
APCD2014-CON-000793	Vapor Recovery-Prebackfill ATC Conditions 700s
	(con 59-62)
APCD2014-CON-000799	Vapor Recovery-Annual Testing ATC Conditions 900s (con
	63-69)
PTO-Conditions	Standard PTO Conditions (con 1-3)

End of Document